March 26, 1984

SPEAKER NICHOL: The question is the advancement of the A bill. All those in favor vote aye, opposed nay. Record, Mr. Clerk.

CLERK: 30 ayes, 0 mays on the motion to advance 457A, Mr. President.

SPEAKER NICHOL: LB 457A advances. Do you have anything for the registry? Anything to read in, Mr. Clerk?

CLERK: Yes, sir. Mr. President, Senator Kahle would like to print amendments to 255 and a new study resolution by Senator Rod Johnson. (Title read for the first time to LR 312 as found on pages 1871-1872 of the Legislative Journal.) That, as with study resolutions, will be referred to the Executive Board, Mr. President.

SPEAKER NICHOL: LB 913.

CLERK: Mr. President, 913 was a bill introduced by the Public Health and Welfare Committee and signed by its members. (Title read.) It was read on January 9 of this year, Mr. President. It was referred to the Health and Welfare Committee for hearing. the bill was advanced to General File. There are committee amendments pending.

SPEAKER NICHOL: Senator Wesely, the committee amendments. Are you going to handle those?

SENATOR WESELY: Yes. Mr. Speaker, members, Senator Fenger has asked me to go ahead and speak on the committee amendments and Senator Fenger does oppose these. The bill presently recognizes in statutes for the first time the community action agencies and one of the provisions, the one and only that I know of, that is of controversy is the question of how much of the state money we receive for those community action agencies should be passed through. There is a provision that a certain amount be kept for administration and then there is some discretion left to the state as to how much actually goes back of the community action agencies. The original bill called for 92 percent. The committee amendment would reduce that to 90 percent.